

THE COURIER.

VOLUME XII

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14th. 1797.

NUMBER 593.

Navy

MONEY being wanted for the use of HIS MAJESTY'S SQUADRON

Bills at 90 day's Sight.
On the RIGHT HONORABLE HONORABLE, the PRINCIPAL OFFICERS, of HIS MAJESTY'S BOARD of ORDINANCE.

HIS MAJESTY'S NAVY
TENDERS for the same, specifying the rate of Exchange per Pagoda, will be received by

MR. HENRY SEWELL.

His Majesty's Naval Store-keeper: until the 20th Instant.

The TENDERS MONDAY the 20th Instant, preference of all who may attend, the lowest will be accepted of.

NAVAL STOREKEEPERS OFFICE,
Madras, 6th February 1796.

Remittance to Europe,

BILLS in sets of £2000, each, drawn by the Court of Directors, at 305 days, and any option of deferring payment.

Fort St. George, 14th January

Sales by

To be sold by public Auction,
By Robert Henderson,

At his Rooms,

On WEDNESDAY the 22d Feb.

At 11 o'Clock,

A LARGE and Commodious upper Roomed Dwelling House, with suitable Offices and Godowns, & a range of Bank-sheds adjoining. Situated in Moors Street Black-Town, near the Sea Side, the premises stand upon ground, measuring in length from North to South, 183 feet and in breadth from East to West on the North, 72 feet and on the South Side, 52 feet 9 inches.

A Plan of the House and premises upon application to Mr.

Conditions will be mentioned at the place of Sale.

For Private Sale

By Robert D

A LARGE House and extensive Situated in one of the pleasantest parts of the City, the House consists of a Hall, and Four Bedrooms, a Kitchen, and a Coach House, with every other Convenience, for large Family.

The Terms of Sale, and on may be known on Application, to Mr. DERSON.

BY JOHN HUNTER,

FORTY BALES of Sadder Cotton, the produce of the Circars, and of which the finest quality is usually carried to China.

Six Boxes of the first Sort of Indigo, One hundred Pieces of 14 Yard plain

Twenty ditto of Ladies Handkerchiefs.
Fort St. George, 27th January, 1797.

Bills of London

DRAWN PAYABLE,

At 6, 9, and 12 Months Sight

AND

In sets of £. 1000, 500 and 250 Sterling, to be had AT

FAVORABLE EXCHANGES,

OF
Messrs. Tulloh, Jervis & Brodie,
Madras, January 31st 1796.

MADRAS RACES.

SPRING MEETING, 1797.

FIRST DAY,--MONDAY, February 13.

SWEEPSTAKE, Ten Subscribers, One Hundred Pagodas each, P. P. "Give and Take"--the best of Three Two Mile Heats.

Subscribers,	Colour of the Horse,	Names of the Horses,	Years of Age,	Height, To carry				Colour of the Rider.		
				Hands	Inches	Stones	lbs.			
Wynch's	Bay Horse	Little Driver,	4	13	2	6	8	Red.	4	3
Mr. Macpherson's	Grey Ditto	Buhalier,	aged	14	12	9	18	Tartan.	5	5
Colonel Clode's	Grey Ditto	Zeman Shah,	aged	14	12	9	18	White & Pink	3	1
Mr. Taylor's	Chief Ditto	Drayfer,	aged	14	12	9	18	Pink.	6	1
Mr. Webb's	Chief Ditto	Secretary,	5	14	12	8	8	White.	1	3
Mr. Evans's	Gray Mare	Bunder Laff,	6	13	2	7	5	Green.	1	3
Colonel Robinson's										
Major Wynch's										
Mr. Coburn's										
Mr. Andrews's										

THE SAME DAY.

Match between Mr. WEBB'S Bay Horse, Nejeeb, and Mr. TALOR'S Chief Horse, Trim. The best of Two-Mile heats, carrying Eight Stone, Pounds.

JEREE beat TRIM at Two Heats.

Panttheon,

ON account of the Races, the PANTHEON BALL, is postponed until Friday, the 24th Instant,

RICHARD CHACE,

SECRETARY,

Madras 9th. February 1797.

Madras Assembly,

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

WILL BE HELD AT THE

PANTHEON.

On FRIDAY, the 24th Instant, TICKETS to be had on Application to the Secretary, at in his House.

RICHARD CHACE,

SECRETARY.

Fort St. George, 6th February, 1797.

Elegant Cut Glass,

On Monday next there will be exposed for Sale at Mr. Henderson's Rooms at very moderate prices, an assortment of rich Cut Glass Ware Consisting of 2 & 4 Light Girandole & Octagon Stands, with Feltton Table and Wall Shades Candlesticks, Morocco mounted Cane Stands, and other articles.

The Asylum Lottery,

THE MANAGERS of the MALE ASYLUM and ROAD LOTTERY are extremely concerned (owing to the few Tickets being sold) to postpone the Drawing of the Lottery.

January 31st.

Tickets of the Asylum Lottery,

ARE FOR SALE.

At the CARNATIC BANK, and AGENT'S OFFICE, Madras, by Messrs. FAIRLIE, GILMORE, and Co. Calcutta, by JAMES TATE, Esq. Bombay, and by Messrs. DE BURY, JOANNES, SINAN, and Co. Pondicherry.

PRIZE TICKETS in the EXCHANGE LOTTERY, will be received in Payment for Tickets, after the usual Deduction of 10 per Cent.

Prize Tickets in the Exchange Lottery, will be received in Payment for Tickets, after the usual deduction of Ten Per Cent.

* * * THE SCHEDULE, as published in the Gazette and Courier.

LANE AND HEE KE,

AGENTS.

Navy Bills,

FOR SALE,

At Ninety Days Sight.

ON ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS.

Apply to

The Honorable Basil Cochrane.

Bills.

Drawn at Twelve Months Sight, in Sets,

OF

One Thousand, and Five Hundred Pounds,

Sterling each.

TO BE HAD ON ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS,

BY APPLICATION TO

Messrs. Kinderley, Watts and Co.

Notice.

THE PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN William Lushington,

AND

James Law,

HAVING BEEN DISSOLVED

On the 30th Ultimo,

MR. LUSHINGTON begs leave to give Notice, that he has established a House of General Business in LONDON, under the firm of LUSHINGTONS and MAJOR, by whom all Commissions from Gentlemen of the Army or in the Civil Service, however minute will be strictly attended to, and those from the Merchant and Manufacturer, meet with that punctuality of execution and regularity of information, so essentially requisite in mercantile concerns.

London, May 2d, 1796.

Claret for Sale,

JUST IMPORTED ON THE AMERICAN SHIP

OCEAN,

Of a very superior Flavor, FROM THE HOUSE OF

Scott, Lafe & Co. of London.

At 80 Pagodas per Chell, containing 12 dozen,

APPLICATION TO BE MADE TO

Messrs. Cook, Baker, Day & Co.

Want. Employment.

A FRENCH BOOK,

may be heard of at Mr. PILLERAIN'S, No. 5, Anderson Street, Black Town.

Garden Houses.

To be let for one Year or six Months certain, or sold by Private Contract.

THAT LARGE HOUSE lately built by Mr. CASSIN, situated on the Bank of the Porthewank River, the HOUSE is finished in a neat, and elegant manner, the out Offices are large and commodious, and the Ground containing 8 Canies and upwards has two good Tanks and a Well, is well enclosed, and has about 700 Fruit Trees of various kinds in great forwardness.

Also an UPPER ROOMED HOUSE at the Laz, with a Garden containing upwards of 500 Cocoa-nut and other Fruit Trees, enclosed with a Brick Wall, with a detached Upper Room'd BUNGALOW, and Stabling, GODOWN'S Coach HOUSES, &c.

Company's Paper at a reasonable discount will be taken in Payment, and if agreeable to the Purchaser, one half the amount of one, or both HOUSES may remain on Mortgage of the Premises for 12 Months, or longer as may be agreed on.

Apply to Mr. CASSIN at his Office in the Exchange.

For Sale on Commission.

At Brown & Ashton's,

COMMISSION ROOMS,

Complete Sets of Scales and Weights.

to Weigh One Ton, Half Ton, and Quarter

of a Ton, with Triangles,

Twenty Half Hundred Weights,

AND

One of each smaller sort of Weights.

For Sale on Commission.

MUSIC.

At Brown & Ashton's

COMMISSION ROOMS,

TWO very handsome Patent Pipe and Tabour Organs, play, Thirty of the best and newest Tunes.

Two very handsome Five Barrel Organs, one with five Stops, and one with four Stops. Some Flutes, with Six Keys, Hautboys, Clarinets, &c. &c.

ALSO

A Collection of the newest Music.

Toy's, &c.

BROWN & ASHTON,

BEG Leave to inform the LADIES and GENTLEMEN that they have just opened a very handsome assortment of strong

English Toy's,

ALSO
A Very Capital MAGIC LANTHORN, with Twelve Double and 3 Single Slides.
Price 20 Pagodas.

For Sale on Commission.

At Brown & Ashton's

COMMISSION ROOMS,

Europe Bottled

Pale Ale, & Porter,

Of a very fine Quality and Flavor,

ALSO

A FEW DOZENS OF

Europe Bottled Sherry.

CLARET from CHALIE,

BROWN & ASHTON,

RESPECTFULLY inform their Friends and the Public, that they are now receiving, a quantity of the above,

English Claret,

which will be sold at 5 Pagodas, per Dozen, or 110 Pagodas, per Chell.

General Bonaparte here names several French Generals who have been wounded, and recounts those who have most distinguished themselves.

Thus, he concludes, if the garrison of Mantua has been reinforced by 5000 infantry, it has lost that number at the battle of St. George's, and it will be very much embarrassed by the cavalry. I do not doubt that Wurmer will leave no means untied to quit Mantua with them.

Since the 16th of this month we have been always fighting, and we have always had the same men against new troops. The army which we have almost destroyed was still very formidable. We surprised it at the very moment that it was about to make hostile movements.

I send my *Aid de Camp* Marmont to you; he carries twenty-two stands of colours taken from the Austrians.

DEFEAT OF THE FRENCH IN BAVARIA.

VIENNA, September, 14th.

The Court Gazette of this day contains three Supplements relative to the events of the War; the most recent of them all contains the following particulars:

By an *Edict*, arrived here this day, dispatched by Major-General Von Nauendorf, from Abensberg, on the 11th inst., he has received the glad and extremely important news from the frontier of Austria, that the hostile General Moreau, with the army under his command, had made a precipitate retreat towards Pfaffenhofen and Rain, in the afternoon of the same day, and that the force which had been stationed at the point where the French had fled, and from whence it might have caused great annoyance. The patrols sent out by General Nauendorf having also found no enemy near Maynbach, this General supposes their retreat will be the more extended to the whole line of the enemy, as the corps of their left wing, stationed about Munich, was not the most considerable, and their main force was always stationed towards the Danube.

"As from as the General of Artillery, Count Latour, had advanced from Landshut to a certain height to keep the enemy in check. General Count Nauendorf, agreeable to the orders of the Archduke Charles will pass the Danube near Ingolstadt, to follow the enemy, and get the flat of the battle by double marches, in order to render their retreat the more difficult.

"Field Marshal Lieut. Baron Frolich, according to a prior report of General Latour, from Hochberg, near Landshut, of the 10th, had received orders to advance to the Archduke Charles of Tyrol. This movement, which was to be fully effected on the 11th inst., was so well managed, that Major Morbert, who advanced on the 7th inst. as far as Tarnach, turned the enemy, after a warm engagement, took them in the rear, cut down upwards of 300 men, and made several prisoners. Major Wolfkehl penetrated also into the enemy's rear, as far as Dachau, took from them 44 loaded ammunition waggon, one piece of artillery, several waggon, and many prisoners. This demonstration was supported by a part of the corps of Conde, under General Count Viennell, which crossed the Isar, and advanced against the left flank of the enemy. The attacks which the enemy made with 10,000 men on the 11th inst. near Munich, and on the 12th near Munich, &c. after some advantage obtained in the beginning, were frustrated, and the latter maintained."

According to our *Courier Gazette*, no farther accounts have been received from Italy, except that from one side, the enemy after Field Marshal Wurmer advanced to Bassano, penetrated with superior numbers, through Nago to Ala, and repulsed Field Marshal Lieut. Davidovich stationed near Rovereto. From the other side, Field Marshal Wurmer advanced from Bassano to the environs of Verona and Callenovo, without meeting with a single enemy. More authentic intelligence remains therefore to be received from that quarter.

The Archduke Charles, late victor of the Schlacht at Alchenthal, and on the same day a division of our troops again took possession of Frankfort. The number of prisoners taken from the enemy near Wurtzburg, already amounts to upwards of 5000 men; in the hands of Wurtzburg there were found 16 French pieces of artillery, 125 ammunition waggon, 13 baggage waggon, and various forces, exclusive of the 30 pieces of metal and the 50 of callibron, which were in the place before it surrendered to the French. The garrison consisted of 800 men, and with them the General of Division Belmont, who is also Director General of the French artillery, besides the Chief of artillery Lacroix, quite recently arrived from Luxembourg, were made prisoners.

According to a report brought by Baron Von Sternthal as Courier, Field Marshal Wurmer draws together his main force against the Tenebian territory, and is advanced to within a small distance of Suabia.

On the 10th ult., the French wanted to surprise Mantua with a corps of 6000 men, but they failed in the attempt. In a late forre, the garrison of Mantua is said to have taken a military shell.

The Hungarians will give the Emperor four millions in specie, and furnish him with an army of from 60 to 80,000 men, at the sole expense of the nation, a great part of whom are already in motion. Bohemia now grants 200,000 Austrians, 200,000 recruits, who will march to reinforce our armies in Germany.

RATISBON, September 12.

This evening a Courier arrived here from the corps of Austrian troops stationed near Munich, with the intelligence that General Frolich and Prince of Furtenberg attacked the French force posted in the environs of Munich, repulsed them on the 11th, killed or wounded two thousand of the enemy, and took fifteen hundred prisoners. The General Hertz rendered this victory decisive by crossing the Danube, near Donauwerth, with a considerable division of troops, in conjunction with the Prince of Furtenberg. He valiantly attacked the French near Ingolstadt, repulsed them with considerable loss, and raised the siege of that fortress. The French are now making a general retreat. The brave Austrian troops have occupied Neuburg, and effected a junction with their various corps. The French columns which seemed to be threatening us, on its full retreat, have been pushed beyond Neustadt. General Count Latour advanced yesterday from Landshut to Moiburg, after the enemy had been attacked in, and obliged to retreat from that place on the preceding morning. The Austrians are now in possession of the city of Moiburg.

Troops daily march through our city to reinforce the army of Moreau. Upwards of 15,000 more men are expected to follow.

AUGSBURG, September 15.

General Moreau has been severely wounded in the action near Munich, and is now at Donauwerth.

On the 12th, General Laroche, who commanded the advanced guard of Moreau's army, arrived here wounded; the French General, Brigade Lambert, has been killed before Ingolstadt.

FROM THE UPPER RHINE.

September 17.

The warlike operations in Germany have all on a sudden taken a new turn, and are becoming more intricate and critical than ever. On the 11th instant the Austrians obtained a victory over the French near Munich. At the same time a great part of Moreau's Army suddenly broke up from Bavaria to take the Archduke Charles in the rear. Four Armies are now facing and advancing against each other.

The French army of the Sambre and Meuse, which General Jourdan commands, is still stationed on the Leber, opposed by the Archduke Charles against the latter, Moreau's army is advancing through Franconia, and the Austrians under General Latour, Nauendorf, &c. were halting from Bavaria to pursue the former closely. Expectation is thus wound up to the highest pitch, and the event of the positions, and the advancing of the armies must produce, must decide the present campaign, and the fate of Germany.

HASRU, September 17.

The army of Moreau, which succeeded to Nauendorf, is now in a new turn, consists of two columns. It is impossible to foresee the consequences of this manœuvre, which must at all events prove very momentous. One column is commanded by General St. Cyr, the other by General Delavay.

September, 18.

An *Edict* arrived from Wurtzburg, with the intelligence that the French have already advanced beyond Nuremberg. We learn, at the same time, that the Archduke Charles is marching against them, having left behind him a division to observe Jourdan's army. Since General Nauendorf follows closely the army of Moreau, we may daily expect the most important events. The Austrians under General Nauendorf, Latour and Frolich, is estimated at 50,000 men, mostly cavalry, except the corps of Conde.

The Austrians are likewise arrived near Eichstedt, in Franconia, from Bavaria.

FRANKFORT, September 27.

Yesterday Intelligence was received here by Edict from places in Franconia, that after the actions which took place on the 11th instant near Abensberg and Munich, the major part of the latter retreated through Neuburg and Donauwerth, crossed the Danube at Donauwerth, and in several columns, 80,000 men strong, entered Franconia, through the territory of Anspach, and is already stationed between Rota and Anspach, advancing through Windheim to Wurtzburg, to take the Archduke Charles in the rear, and to make an opening for General Jourdan. A column of the same Army marches through Rothenburg to Heilbronn and Bruchsal, to take in flank the Austrians who penetrate against Ratis, and to cover the left. The corps of Nauendorf follows the French closely, but it is too weak to undertake any important operation against the French army.

The Prince Bishop of Wurtzburg is the first Prince of Franconia who returned to his residence.

After the departure of the French on the 13th inst. The Prince Bishop of Bamberg has also left Prague, to return to Bamberg.

Prince Louis of Hesse Darmstadt, who was brought up at Vienna, and who speaks the language of the Archduke, remained here several days.

It was falsely reported that the Palatine Count Argo and Scinfium, resident in Prague, for Marshalfield is the Austrian Commandant.

ANSPACH, September 12.

The districts of Franconia become again a Theatre of important scenes. Moreau's army has initiated the manœuvre lately made by the Archduke Charles. The major part of that army which but four days ago was in Bavaria, suddenly broke up for Franconia. Thirty thousand men advanced to Eichstad; yesterday the advanced guard arrived there, and this evening it remained in Rota, its leagues from this place. General Moreau has really suffered a small loss at Dachau; but this loss was too trifling to induce him to make such a speedy retreat. The Austrians are close to him.

LEIN, September 12.

The French General, who retired from Munich, are now stationed at Friedberg on the Lech, which they will probably pass to cover Suabia.

The Austrian Generals Wolf and Frolich, the latter of whom is assisted by the cavalry of Wurmer, followed them closely from Munich through Kempten. It seems as if the French wished to make a stand in these environs.

This day a great deal of contribution money arrived from Ratis, and the great Field Battery is also established here.

FROM THE RHINE, September 17.

We have the following particulars respecting the earlier events of the War:

Ingolstadt was the point from which the Archduke would not retreat farther. The French General, who was intercepted, the first had a letter from Jourdan to Moreau, in which he informed the latter that he was afraid of suffering a check from the Archduke, who, by a manœuvre, had succeeded in defeating the two French armies. Moreau, in return, desired to retreat from Bavaria, and join him in an advantageous direction. The second Courier had a letter from Jourdan to General Bernadotte, in which he informed the latter that he was afraid of suffering a check from the Archduke, who, by a manœuvre, had succeeded in defeating the two French armies. Moreau, in return, desired to retreat from Bavaria, and join him in an advantageous direction.

His Royal Highness made a present of a large quantity of conquered baggage, which he could not remove for want of waggon and horses to the peasants, who now worship him. The Bailiwick of Wurtemberg has received 12,000 men. The soldiers there their booty with the peasants. They receive their share in horses, wearing apparel, &c. The peasants of Wurtemberg received five hundred mulekets from Mannheim, and 1500 cartridges.

They are commanded by five Austrian Officers, and have two pieces of cannon. Seven battalions of Austrian troops, each consisting of 15 or 1800 men, are sent to the army in carriages. Each battalion in the army is augmented by three hundred men, and each squadron by twenty horses. The whole army of the Archduke advanced all without baggage. The Archduke himself has hardly a change of linen, and after the battle of Wurtzburg, he laid on the straw, and his table afforded only some soup made of dried flour. The French now call the Sphelitz, in which many of their comrades were killed by the peasants, a Little Venice.

The Prince of Wurtemberg has quitted the Austrian service, and entered that of Russia. The Prince of Tanczy, who commanded at Huning has been displaced.

BOMBAY COURIER, Jan. 28th, 1797.

On Monday last, a meeting of the members of the Insurance Society, and the Owners of the China Fleet lately arrived, was held to deliberate upon suitable means of expressing their acknowledgments to Captain Page of the *Hobart*, for late services, under a letter of which the *Hobart* was a Corp, was referred to be sent to the Board of Government. We are happy to have in our Power to publish a resolution that once does credit to the liberal sentiments of our merchants, and is so flattering a testimonial of Captain Page's services.

Benjamin William Page, Esq., Commander of His Majesty's Sloop *Hobart*.

WE have been made acquainted by the Commanders of the first division of our China Fleet, of the very urgent manner with which you undertook their arrival at Pinang to recommend their immediately prosecuting their voyage, following His Majesty's Ships *Orpheus* and *Centurion* across the Bay, in preference to waiting at that Port for a Convoy, tendering at the same time your services to the fullest extent in affording them protection.

The salutary tendency of this Council, when appointed by the Commanders of the other divisions, and in the face of our valuable Fleet, your vigilance and care.

but view such spontaneous exertions as a forcible manner, your professional services; and confiding in the much beholden to their expressions the grateful sense. We have further taken up of soliciting the Honorable Council, that he will be pleased to attend to the most favourable terms to the Admiral Commanding His Majesty's Ships and Vessels in India; and the court of Directors in order that it may be reported in corresponding terms to the Lords of the Admiralty; and as a small testimony of our approbation, he take the liberty of requesting your acceptance of a Service of Plate of the value of 500 guineas, which we shall take immediate measures to request that David Scott and P. G. Bruce Esquires, two of the Members of the Bombay Insurance Society.

ave the honor to

Your most Obedient Humble Servants.

James Tate, Secretary to the Bombay Insurance Society.—Forbes, Smith, & Co, Owners of the *Ship Sarah*.—Alexander Adamson, Owner of the *Ship Friendship*.—Rivett, Wilkinson, & Co, Owners of the *Ship Travancore*.—Stobbs, Maccheres, & Co, *Ship Harbory*.—Hornisjee Bonajee, Owner of the *Ship Jehangher*.
Box 211, 23d January, 1797.

To the Gentlemen of the Insurance Society, and Owners of the *Ships Sarah, Friendship, Travancore, Harbory, Louisa Family, and Jehangher*.

GENTLEMEN,
I AM unable to express as I could with the just sense I have of your distinguished commendation of the *Hobart*, my duty to follow, to do otherwise, than hope to illustrate the value I must ever attach to equitable and very satisfactory proofs of

I have the honor to be,

most Obedient Humble Servant,

B. W. PAGE.

28th January, 1797.

Being as a address from the Commanders of the Fleet to Captain Page, called forth the same occasion.

B. W. Page, Esq., Commander of His Majesty's Sloop *Hobart*, &c.

ALTHOUGH our Owners and the mercantile concern of Bombay are those who have principally benefited by the success with which your vigilance and care have been crowned in conducting the China fleet in safety to this port, and aware as our mutual recommendations of men in our sphere can add but little to the lustre of a public character, yet as your zeal and activity were immediately manifested to us, and the handsome and spirited manner in which you undertook the charge of conducting us has made a lasting impression on our minds, we are anxious to offer our grateful acknowledgments in return we shall convey a message to you not altogether unpleasing, in honor to be, with respect,

Your Obedient and very Obedt. Servants.

Charles C. McIntosh, Master of the *Sarah*.—George Elliot, Master of the *Friendship*.—Robert Elliot, Master of the *Louisa Family*.—Patrick Gardner, Master of the *Travancore*.—Colin Maclean, Master of the *Harbory*.—William Sylvester, Master of the *Jehangher*.
28th Jan. 1797.

To the Commanders of the China Ships *Sarah, Louisa, Travancore, Harbory, Friendship, and Jehangher*.

GENTLEMEN,
Yours Letter of yesterday's date adds much to the happiness I feel at having been so much honored, and assured the commendations of my new acquaintances, especially those of the same Port as I am.

A prompt observance of my directions with the King's Ship under my Command, evinced a zeal for the discharge of your duties, that merits the confidence of your Employers, and I am much obliged to you for the same.

To Captain McIntosh I must particularly return them, as from the minute attention to my requests to lead and keep the Convoy collected when the *Hobart* was on other service for them, and from his readiness to take that task when I was ordered to leave them, you must all allow we are much indebted—as well as for the friendly Passage we so happily made, chiefly by his Example in keeping the fleet closely, and giving me a confidence to do so, with the whole.

I am, Gentlemen, most Obedient Humble Servant,

B. W. PAGE.

His Majesty's Ship *Hobart*, Bombay Harbour, Jan. 26th 1797.

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MR. P. SELUNA, TRINCOMALLI;

COCHIN, AND BY MR. LEONARD JAKES, AT BOMBAY.